

THE EVENING CRITIC.



FOURTEENTH YEAR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1882.

NUMBER 4,147.

TAYLOR & HUFTY.

933 Penna. Ave.

Gloves.	E
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Kid, Silk, Lisle Thread, 0 Castor, and all the Novelties.

Hosiery, SIRAB Hosiery, Hosiery, Hosiery,

Lisle Thread Rich Silk, New Shades Bronzes and Terra Cottas, Child'n's Socks in Cotton and Lisle Thread.

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SUMMER RESORTS. HEATH HOUSE.

SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN SPRINGS, Morris County, N. J. Opens May 15. The best mountain resort in the State. No mosyultoes; charming drives; beautiful scenery. Send for chroniar. J. WARREN COLEMAN.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

GENTLEMEN'S
SPRING CLOTHING,
YOUTHS
SPRING CLOTHING,
LIDYS
SPRING CLOTHING,
LIDYS
SPRING CLOTHING,
CHILDRENS
SPRING CLOTHING,
CHILDRENS
SPRING CLOTHING,
CHILDRENS
SPRING CLOTHING,
ING GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS,
FRIERS LOW AS THE LOWEST ELSEWHERE,
NOAH WALKER & CO.,
TEMPERA NOE PROPILE TAKE NOTICE

TEMPERANCE PROPLETAKENOTION

That the Dashaway Reform Club of Georgetow will give a grand temperance piculc at Jefferson

Full particulars given in future advertisement junity (Star and Post) MAI HAI WE STRUCK A BIO bonanza in getting the agency for the Ocean Queen clear, for they are guaranteed to a clear Havana lilled 5c. clear, at the California Cigar Store, 1011 Pennsylvania avenue. S. Sickle, proprietor, nole agent for the noted brand. "Justice of the control of the control

M. BASTWOOD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, has removed from Second National Bank ding to May Building, room No. 1. second corner Seventh and E sts. n. w. ju5-01*

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

I wish to call the attention of all persons to my proved patent horse shoe, with movesable toos ind heels, the beat and most durable shoe ever evented. This shoe can be seen at the store of tryan c Bro, on Penns, ave, be, dit and 7th as n. w. All experts are requested to closely exmine this invention.

T. W. AURPHY, Horsehoer, payle

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO GET

HAISLETT, 817 MARKET SPACE, the man to make them. Mildew-proof Store wnings a specialty. Make your houses com-

PARLOR GRATES, GAS FIXTURES, RIC. We keep a large assortment of first-class goods and are prepared to make low prices. JOBBING IN PLUMBING, BANGE AND FURNACE WORK SOLICITED.

EDWARD CAVERLY & CO., 1495 NEW YORK AVENUE.

CHORGE BYNHAL, JR., DEBIRES TO convey to his friends and the public generally his grateful acknowledgment of their many kind expressions of sympathy. He is now heavily engaged in repairing damages caused by the late fire, and expects shortly to have his place of business howe attractive than ever. His store, and able to fill orders promptly.

TAXPAYERS BAVE YOUR MONEY. Before paying Special Assessments call at No. 45 Seventh et. n. w., Room 1. Consultation free. Office hour. 9 a. m. 10 5 p. m. and 7 p. m 10 9 p. m. apin-tf

PLUMBING, FURNACES, RANGES, TIN-NING, MANTELS and GAS FIXTURES.

Jobbng in all the above branches.

Fetigates furnished for new work.

fetig IF YOU WOULD AVOID CHILLS AND
Yevers, Ague and Fevers, Billons Fevers
and other diseases incident to the season, take
BROWNING'S BITTERS and you will surely escape them.

age inem.

RHOWNING'S BITTERS have been in use for
ver twelve years, and no person was ever known
o have chils or billous fevers while using these
Bitters. For sale by druggists and grocers oner
lives.

PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS,

610 Pennsylvania Avenue.

PANOY BOTTLES.
COLOGNE.
TOILET ARTICLES WM. B. ENTWISLE'S PHARMACY, PURE DRUGS AND EMICALS.

H. A. HALL. BDW. H. THOMAS: HALL & THOMAS

of one-half inch fros, put up complete at soc, per foot. Also all miscollaneous iron work.

GEO. WHITE & CO.,
mr22 462 Maine avenue Southwest.

CHARLES E. SHREVE, REAL ESTATE
Roker and Notary Public, 125 7th st. R. W.
Isrds, Wills and other legal papers carefully
acknowledged and drawn. Houses reauted and
rents collected. Money to lose and property for

THE DEPARTMENTS.

THE national bank notes received to day for redemption were \$432,000.

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS to-day: Internal revenue, \$459,027.85; customs, \$625,425.68, MAJOR ISAAC ARNOLD, Ordinance De-critment has been granted three months' eave of absonce.

A rostoffice has been established at Cremena, Cumberland County, Va., and S. M. Harvey appointed postmaster. THE sick-leave of First Lientenant Jeaup Nicholson, U. S. M. C., has been ex-tended three months from July 2.

THE leave of absence heretofore granted First Lieutenant James N. Allison, Second Cavairy, has been extended one month.

CHIEF-JUSTICE L. BRADFORD PRINCE, of New Mexico, and Judge Porter, of Arizona, have tendered their resignations to the Presi-dent.

SECRETARY CHANDLER went to Annapo-lis to-day to attend the graduating exercises of the Naval Academy. He will return here to morrow

THE Secretary of the Navy has awarded medals of honor to Seamen James Troy and J. S. Sullivan, of the New Hampshire, for gallant and meritorious conduct. THE contract for elevator fronts for the north wing of the State, War and Navy Depart-ments building has been awarded to Manley & Cooper, of Philadelphia.

INDICATIONS point to a lively shaking up of dry bones at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing very soon. Colonel Irish is said to be on the auxious bench.

FIRST LIEUTENANT WILLIAM E. BIRK-HIMER, Third Artillery, has been relieved from duty at the Signal Service in this city, and ordered to join his battery.

A DELEGATION of ex-Union soldiers of the District of Columbia watted on President Arthur yesterday to urge the claims of Major H. A. Hall for the District Commissionership.

PRIVATE FRANK HANLON, U. S. M. C., has been tried by court-martial for descrition and sentenced to two years' imprisonment and to be dishonorably discharged from the service.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL BREWSTER states that the counterfeiter Brockway was indicted at the instance of private parties, and that the Government had nothing whatever to do with POSTMASTERS were commissioned to-day as follows: W. F. Crist at Afton, Nelson County, Va.; Barah A. Pumphrey, Ashland, Hanover County, Va.; Mrs. E. A. Duwall, Tennallytown, Washington County, D. C.

THE contracts for work on the Baltimore postoffice were to-day awarded as follows: For labor, to M. A. McGowan, of this city; for bricks, to Robinson, of lialtimore, and for Cumberland cement, to Hamilton.

THE employes of the Postoffice Department received polite letters from the secretary of the Congressional Republican Committee that a contribution of two percentum upon their respective salaries would be expected to assist in the approaching political campaign.

Among those who saw the President to-day were Senators Davis of III., Conger, Mil-ler of Cai., Logan, Parier, Sherman and Hale, Speaker Keffer, Reprosonatives Aldrich, Tucker, Townsend, Valentine, Peelle, Hawk and Luna, also Senator Plumb, with a colored delegation.

Secretary Folger has directed the Solicitor of the Treasury to write a letter to Mr. Garrest, president of the Baltimore & Ohio Baltroad line, informing him of the offer that has been made to lease the Harper's Ferry property, and inquiring if his company has any further proposition to make before the matter is finally disposed of.

Colonel J. O. P. Burnside, disbursing officer, Postoffice Department, is to-day moving his division from rooms heretofere occupied on the first floor, Eighth-street front, to much more eligible quarters, a suite of rooms recently vacated by the Sixth Auditor's clerks, at the corner of Seventh and E streets, first floor of the Department. The Colonel is to be congratulated upon the agreeable change.

THE Cabinet meeting to day was occupled in discussing the Utah Commission and the Tariff Commission with a view to select some one to fill the place of Mr. Phelps, of Missouri, who has declined. No conclusion was reached in either case. The trouble with the Utah Commission is that no money has been appropriated to pay the members. Congress will be asked to remedy this omission in the bill.

MASTER CLINTON H. LYETH, U. S. N., who was tried on the Pacific Station by a court-martial appointed by Rear-Admiral Balch commanding that station, on charges of drunkenness and scandalous conduct, was found guilty, and scantoned to be disminsed from the service. Upon the unanimous recommendation of the court, concurred in by Rear-Admiral Balch and the Secretary of the Mayy, that demency be shown the accused on Navy, that clemency be shown the accused on account of his previous good character, the President has mitigated his sentence to suspen-sion from rank and duty for one year on fur-lough pay, and to retain his present number in his grade during that time.

Ensign H. H. Hosley has been ordered to examination for promotion; Lieutenant-Commander B. P. Lamberton, detached from duty at the Bureau of Equipment, 12th Inst., and ordered as executive officer of the Vandalla; Loutenant Charles Belknap, from the Naval Academy, to the Vandalla; Cuotenant Charles Belknap, from the Naval Academy, to the Vandalla; Cuotenant Charles Belknap, from the Naval Academy, to the Vandalla; Cuotenant H. H. Stahl, L. S. Gwyn, W. R. Howard, G. E. Hunt, Hammond Fowler, L. S. Bennett, E. W. Stuphen, Louis Nixon and J. T. Arnold, Cadel Engineers J. C. Loonard, H. G. Leopoid, W. H. Addicks, W. S. Winchell, C. H. Howland, G. R. Ferguson, R. W. Gatewood, W. H. P. Croighton, Andrew Madlister, H. L. Hawthorne, W. B. Day, C. C. Willis, F. H. Conant, W. H. Chambers, G. E. Bonnnell, O. C. Geantner, J. H. Fitts, Peter Miller and E. Theiss, from the Naval Academy and placed on walting orders: Cadet Engineers F. E. Coley, J. H. Fendioton and A. H. Clarke, from the Naval Academy, 10th hast, to the Hartford; Passed Asselsiant Engineer J. L. Gow, from special duty to the Hartford; Cadet Midshipmen Lorenzo Sempla, S. S. Wood, W. B. Duncan, W. N. King and H. A. Horst, from the Naval Academy to the Vandalla; Gunner William Burdette, from duty at the torpedo station, 7th inst. ENSIGN H. H. HOSLEY has been ordered

PERSONAL.

-Senator Cocknell has to-day moved to rooms at 1332 I street, opposite Franklin square.

—Howard Carroll, the traveling ambassador of the New York Times, is a guest at Willard's.

—The Courier-Journal calls Colonel Tom Ochiliros the Eli Ferkins of the South. This is rough on—Eli.

- SENATOR JONES, of Florida, will receive, next month, the degree of doctor of laws from Georgetown University.

- GOVERNOR NEWELL, of Washington Territory, is at Willard's, on a brief visit to the Capital to look after the interests of his Territory.

Capital to look after the interests of his Territory.

Chief Signal Officer and Mrs.
Harrin loft least night for West Peint to attend the graduating exercises at the Military Academy.

—Ma. D. M. Martin, Mayor of Seymour, Ind., with his son, passed through Washington yesterday for annapolis, Md. Young Martin will enter the naval school at Annapolis.

—Sherman Hammond, Esq., of Greencastle, Ind., was in the city to-day, on his way to Yest Point, N. Y., where he will be examined for admission to the military scattery.

—"The animated mashind who precides at the City Hall." Is the cheerful manner in which the Chicago Mere aliudes to the ilon, Carter Harrison, Mayor of that wicked city.

—Ex. Congressman John H. Stahin, of New York, is in the city, with parlors at Williams. From present indications it looks as if Mr. Starin would walk off with the Republican nomination for Governor of the Empire State.

—The Hop. Walde P. Johnson, of St. Louis, ex-United States Senator from Missourt, is in the city to-day on professional business and is domicilied at Williard's. Judge Johnson is one of the abless and most successful lawyers in the West,

—Captain O. H. Ross, of the Thire, and

made ti 76 orders within three days, reducing trips, and the contractors were allowed a month's pay. He had been in the Department since 1806, and that had always been the custom since the winness had been the tree. In case the service is increased the pay is increased the pay to the contract of the triple of the contract of the triple of the contract of the triple of the contract of the certain provisions.

Mr. Wilson offered to admit and they could consider it in evidence, if they wished, that General Brady signed the name of D. M. Key to the contracts that had been exhibited, but Mr. Blies preferred to consume the time by reading the authority which confered that power upon General Brady, as if to make it a little more forcible.

Routine Testimony. Mr. James Lawrenson, the venerable clerk, testified to swearing in General Brady as Second Assistant Postmanter General and Wm. H. Turner as a clerk in the Post Office Depart-

H. Turner as a clerk in the Post Office Department.

The Government offered in evidence the centract on route No. 35,015, between the United States and John W. Dorsey, from Vormillion to Sloux Falls. It was drawn March 28, 1878, and files in the contract office April 15, 1878.

The defense objected to its introduction on the ground that its execution was not proven. Mr. Hine objected further, because it was not the contract described in the indictment and which they had prepared to meet.

The Court inquired for what purpose the paper was offered.

Mr. Merrick answer that it was offered to show that a contract existed between the United States and this party, and in carrying out the contract the avert act was committed.

At this point Attorney-General Brewster come in and took a seat with Government counsel.

At this point Attorney-General Brewster comes in and took a seat with Government coursel.

The Court overruid the objections and admitted the contract as tectimony. The others were as follows: The next was route No. 38,-113, for which John W. Dorsey had the contract. It was from White River to Hawlings and back, once a week for \$750 per ahnum. Route No. 38,145 of John W. Dorsey. It was from Garland, Col., to Parrot City and back once a week for \$2,745 per annum; route No. 38,152 of John W. Dorsey, from Ouray, Col., to Les Pinos, for once a week and back for \$180 per annum; route No. 38,152 of John W. Dorsey, from Ouray, Col., to Les Pinos, for once a week and back for \$180 per annum; route No. 38,152 of John W. Dorsey, from Silverton, Col., to Parrot City and back for twice a week at \$1,488 per annum.

Also the contracts relating to a number of other routes.

John B. Sieeman testified that he is employed in the Auditor's office for the Postoffice Department. Is chief of the Pay Division. He showed twenty-one contracts, being duplicates of those heretofore referred to.

The witness knew John R. Miner, but not John W. Dorsey, John M. Pock or S. W. Dorsey, He knew M. C. Rerdell. He and Mr. Miner had been in the office of the witness in regard to payment under contracts.

The settlements were made quarterly.

The witness then described the routine work of his office in connection with the settling of contracts and paying contractors.

The testimony of this witness closed the hearing for to-day.

An old soldier who has passed through both the Mexican and civil wars, and who has been in attendance at the Star-Route trial since its commencement, thus speaks of the opening addresses:

"Blies opened the fight by charging his 'Light Brigade' of funcies and circumstances against a front of sold facts. His line of argument) was badly demoralized by Wilson's heavy guas and Hines' rifle-pits, and under a wilnering fire from McSweeney's sarokatic, searching galling guns, the demoralization merged into a disastrous rout. (Not a Sar-Route, but one where some one gots d—d badly icked). The presecution will find that even should Merrick's phantom reserves come to the receus, the defendant's brilliant victory is assured."

SOUR GRAPES.

A Whisky Man Intimates That They Did Not Want the Bounded Bill to

Did Not Want the Bounded Bill to Pass.

"What shall we do to be saved?" asked the whisky ring men. The Chirric would suggest that they all return to their respective homes and resolve themselves into honest men, and in future not attempt to flich from the Government \$60,000,000 without rendering an equivalent therefor. This morning, Messrs. Sing, Atherton and other members of the ring, were standing in the lobby of Willard's discussing the outlook for the passage of the Whisky Bonded bill through the Senate. They all came to the conclusion that They all came to the conclusion that The "Steal" Would Not Go Through

this session, but that superhuman efforts would be made to pass it through the next Congress. Said one of the party:

"If that d-d Critte" Bid It.

"If that d-d Critte hadn't said so much about the bill, the Senate would have followed the suit of the House and passed it without debate."

the suit of the House and passes.

"That so," chimed in the others, and they all repaired to the bar-room, where they imbled a weehlt of old "red-eye."

Later in the day a reporter of The Chiric met one of the whisky men, and asked:

"What is the outlook for the passage of your bill through the Sonate this seesion?"

"We don't expect now that it will become a law this session."

"We don't eap-law this session."

"Will you make another fight next session,"
asked The Chitic.
"I don't known that we shall. Has it over eappred to you that there are reasons why the

Work Detrimentally to the interests of what you journalists are pleased to term the Whisky Ring. Now, I know, as a matter of fact, that there are many reasons why that bill should go by the board." THE CHITTE young man, who was not born yesterday, murmured, "sour grapes," &c., when the whisky man broke in, and said: "Oh, you seem to be astonished at that remark."

The Boyle \$1,000 Bond Plate.

There are no new developments in the investigation of the Doyle \$1,000 bond plate. Secretary Folger is making a therough examination of the matter, but so far has arrived at no conclusion. Doyle's friends, who claim that he is an innocent man in this bond transaction, are using every effort to have him re-leased. His case comes up for a hearing on the 20th instant, at Chicago, for sentence Detective Felker has had several conferences the 20th instant, at Chicago, for sentence. Detective Pelker has had several conferences with Government officials in this city in Doyle's behalf, but with little or no success thus far. Doyles friends claim that he is an innecent and misjudged man in this transaction, and that they will prove it to the satisfaction of the dovernment at the project time, according to their statement, the bonds found in Doyle's possession are not counterfeit bonds, but bonds printed from the goaulne plate, but the Issue of which newsyr, were not authorized by law. In other words, that the plate Mr. Felker has turned over to Secretary Folger is genuine transfer work and not the work of counterfeitors.

Doyle offers through his counsel to prove conclusively the genuineness of this plate, how it was obtained, and all about, provided the Government will release him from his present confinement. The present investigation at the Treasury is for the purpose of as certaining the character of this plate whether it is good transfer work, or merely a counterfeit, and if the former, to ascertain how it was obtained from the Bureau of Engraving and Frinting, and to place the responsibility where it properly belongs, as has already logar stated, Secretary Polger and other Treasury officials steny in the most positive terms that there are any spurious bonds in circulation on the ground that if such was the case they certainly would have known something about it before now.

Father Alig's Death.
The venerable Frther Alig, the paster of St.
Mary's Church, whose severe illness was no-

of colored and white glass and decorated Chinaware of celebrated manufacturers from Europe and America will take place te-molerow at R. Goldschmid's, 812 seventh street northwest, when on this occasion every customer (children excepted) will receive a hand-come painted fan also immouse bargains will be almost given away. A Chinese the ministen will take place in the seculng. No postponomont on account of weather.

District in Congress

THAT SHOULD BE EXPLODED, TOO.

which was so ordered, and Mr. Robinson, Massachussetts, took the chair and ' Joyce took the floor on the till, and spent half hour in a soldler campaign speech.

Joyce took the floor on the bill, and spent a half hour in a solider camp aign speech.

Equalizing Salaries, ...

Mr. Burrows offered an amendment to reduce the salaries of Senate employes to those received by the House employes—the equalization of salaries heretofore talked of.

Mr. Cannon (III.) favored the amendment, and opposed any move to increase the salaries of House employes to those received by Senate employes, saying, "The employes of the House aiready receive better pay than any other civil employes of the Government."

Mr. Townsend (III.) said the House employes performed more service than those of the Senate; that there are more employes in the Senate; that there are more employes the senate than there are in the House, in proportion to the work to be performed and the number of Representatives. He said that the House should demand and secure equal treatment of employes.

Mr. Williams favored the increase of the

tion to the work to be performed and the number of Representatives. He said that the House should demand and secure equal treatment of employes.

Mr. Williams favored the increase of the salaries of House employes as a matter of justice, and thought justice should precede courtesies.

Mr. McCotd, of lown, offered an amendment to raise the salaries of House employes occupying equal positions.

Mr. Hocker favored the amendment in a strong and sensible speech, as did other members, but the Chair (Mr. Robinson, of Massachusetts), ruled the amendment out of order.

Mr. Hocker was very right in his suggestion that the way to equalize the salaries is to bring the House salaries up to the Sonate standard and then reduce the salaries is to bring the House salaries of their employes.

Mr. Page, of California, proved himself the friend of the oppressed by favoring the raising of salaries of House employes to equality with those of the Sonate will are the salaries of House employes to equality with those of the Sonate will favor it is the salaries cannot be reduced, it is probable that the sense the salaries of their employes.

Ar. Page, of California, proved himself the friend of the oppressed by favoring the raising of salaries of House employes to equality with those of the Sonate will alway the probable the matter will come up by resolution at a later day in the present session.

After considerable debate pro and con a vote was taken on Mr. Burrows' amendment, which resulted—yeas, 67: nays, 3.

The Senate will stand as it is.

The ball was still up when this report closed.

Senate Proceedings.

The hands of time had passed the hour of 12 before the President pro tem, put in an appearance. This, however, is no uncommon thing for the acting Vice-Tresident. He has a way of calling the Senate to order a this own convenience and adjourning it when he gets

pearance. This, however, is no uncommon thing for the acting Vice-Fresident. He has a way of calling the Senate to order at his own convenience and adjourning it when he gets hungry. He also has a way whereby he sits down pretty heavily on talkative statesmen when he thinks they have said enough. The President does nothing on the half-way plan. If he sees it to decorate his soat lappel with a bouquet it can be seen. This meraling it was difficult to see him from the front, owing to the size of the alleged button-hole bouquet he wore. It was a small-sized resebush, and red at that.

The journal was read and approved and Mr. lavis, of W. Va., presented a petition favoring aid to public schools in that State.

Mr. Windom introduced a bill authorizing the Court of Claims to inquire as to the Hability of the United States for damages done the British stemmer Diadem.

Mr. Fendleton moved that when the Senate adjourn to-day it be to meet on Monday. Adopted.

Mr. Brown gave notice that on Monday next he would call up his resolution giving each Senater who is not chairman of a committee a clerk at a salary of \$1,200 per annum.

By Mr. Ferry, from Postoffice and Postroads, favorably, for the relief of the American Grocer Association of New York.

Bills Passed.

Bills Passed.

chemes at the cost of the Government. The committee then rose.

On motion of Mr. Cox, of New York, a joint resolution was passed authorizing the Secretary of War to loan to the Hebrew Emigrant Ald Society of the United States 1,000 army tents for the use of Russian-lewish refugees new without shelter at Vincland, N. J. Mr. Hazelton, chalman of the Committee on Pacific Hallroads, reported a bill to Incorporate the National Railroad Company, to conjects the National Railroad Company, to conject New York city and Washington, which was ordered printed and recommitted.

Now, I expect certain papers to pitch into me Let them go alread—I don't mind it."
He was told of an editorial which appeared in a far Western paper recently, inviting him to come out there and lecture, and assuring him that several good shots would be among the audience to add celat to the occasion. "Oh! they don't know any better out that way," he added laughingly.

wey," he added laughingly.

A Suspicious Case.

There is much concernment about the way matters were conducted last Sunday over the effects of Jacob Hess, who died very suddenly at No. 229 D street northwest, about 4 o'clock on the day above mentioned. It appears that there was no inquest. There are very strong suspicious of poison, He had four or five hundred dollars in money so said; a line diamond stud, a gold watch, and a warferbe worth several hundred dollars. He was hardly cold before all his effects were gobbled up. His remains were narriedly put away, and thus the matter rested. Mr. Hess had been a clerk in this city for twenty-live years or more and was a man of good habits and character. If reports are true there are certainly crounds for investigation in his case. Mr. Hess was not employed at the time of his death. He was however, in good spirits. His intention was to go to Texas in company with an anthrown man. This man and only disspipared soon after Mr. Hess death. Altogether it is a factor worth the attention of the police authornies.

Bavitt's Hission to America.

SMALL-BORE GANNON

For Particulars See Below – The House Takes Up the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropria-tion Bill – The Senate Passes a Num-ber of Bills – Mr. Van Wyck Wants to Consider the Tariff Commission Nominations in Open Senate – Cap-tical Nates

The bright skies continued, and with its continuance statesmen were peculiarly happy this morning. They looked happy; many of them felt happy; this was natural, and to use a homely phrase, the period of incubation was apparent in their brains and they labored under the influence. So anxious are those statesmen to skip away that hardly had the breath of the Chaplain ceased to waste its Divine fragrance on the desert waste of the hall, than Mr. Cannon moved to dispense with the reading of the journal, and to go into Committee of the Whole to take up.

The Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Hill.

which was so ordered, and Mr. Robinson, of Massachusetts. Look the chall and Mr.

S. 427, for the relief of the sufferers by the wreck of the Government transport bark Torrent.
S. 90, authorizing the President to retire Captain and Brevet-Colonel Joseph Courad, of the Eleventh Infantry, as a colonel.
H. B. 797, for the government of harbor refuge at Sand Beach, Lake Huron, Michigan.

S. J. Res., to provide for the settlement of ecounts with the Mobile & Ohlo Ballroad Company.

H. B. 604, to admit free of duty articles for exhibition in the Boston Exhibition in 1883.

S. 1521, recognizing Elias J. Bezmer as an enrolling officer.

S. 1845, to authorize the Postmaster-General to extend the mair service in certain cases.

S. 255, to declare certain lands subject to taxation.

S. 255, to declare certain lands subject to taxation.

S. H. 17, relating to the refunding of certain Internal Revenus taxes lilegally collected from the Detroit House of Correction.

H. R. 1492, for the relief of the Savings Bank of Santa Bona, California.

The meaning hour expiring, Mr. Van Wyck offered a resolution that the nominations for the Tariff Commission be considered in open session. It went over until be-morrow, subject to a point of order.

The Japanese Indemnity bill was then taken up, Mr. Morgan on the floor.

Capitol Notes.

It is believed generally by the Members that all the appropriation bills will be disposed of about July 1.

Representative Pierce, of Indiana, has

Representative Pierce, of Indiana, has been nominated for another term, whereat his many friends in Washington rejoice.

To the interregatory propounded to a dozon or more level-headed Members to-day, "What time will Congress adjourn?" Carrier reporters received the one reply, "From July 16 to 15,"

The rumor is again started that Mr. Robert P. Porter, of this city, cannot hold the office of Tariff Commissioner because he is an Englishman and has never been naturalised. In the same consection it is rumored that he will take out naturalisation papers, but that his confirmation comes ill-timed to qualify im.

tim.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs oday agreed to Mr. Flower's bill authorizing the calling of an international convention to stabilish a prime meridian, Mr. Rasson reported adversely upon the resolution presented by Mr. Bedford establishing a commission to go to Bouth America to ascertain our commercial intercourse and the construction of a Three-Americas Railway.

commercial intercourse and the construction of a Three-Americae italiway.

The Senate seen after 1 o'clock yesterday dispensed with the calendar and resumed consideration of the District Appropriation bill, which was, after some debate, passed about as it came from the committee, after which Mr. Hawley reported from the Milliary Committee a joint resolution appropriating \$140,000, or so much thereof as may be needed, to furnish food to the people made destitute by the Ministerpipi floods in the Sitte of Mississippi. He said the planters there had for a long time been paying field hands in expectation of being remanerated by the coming crop, but that the new flood had dissipated these expectations, and necessituted this additional provision. The joint resolution passed.

Representative Cannon, of Illino and close the connectionery in the matter of ma and close acts to flouse cupployes. New Arday, during the passage of the Deficiency Appropriation bill, Mr. Cannon kicked on the amendment to allow describes at the rate of \$1,200 a year, but made an exception of the only single messenger to the committee on which Mr. Cannon between the contestion was impleatable in his discrimination and partiality in the one instance. There is no doos to that the messenger referred to should receive \$1,200 a year, but there is no excuse for making discrimination when the durine of all are identical. The messengers and door keepers fire pushly indignant at Mr. Cannon and believe, with The messengers and door keepers fire pushly indignant at Mr. Cannon and believe, with The mensengers and door keepers fire pushly indignant at Mr. Cannon and believe, with The mensenger to the will have some trouble in explaining his actions of yesterday.

SPRINGFILLD, ILL, Julie D. — The State Board of Agriculture report that on Jun 1, the wheat in the northern division of the state was 4 per cost, above the average and 41 per cost, belief than at the same time last year. In the southern division it was three percent. In the average, and 52 per cost, better than last year. Corn planting was more backward than for ten years, but there will be a good crop if the weather is good.

A Texas Hall Storm.

LAREDO, TEXAS June 9.—A severe hall storm visited this section last evening. The stores were as large as a man's fist, and fell for fully thirty influtes, class doors, and slate routs were smashed. Tents and houses were blown down. F. S. llabeach's new brick building was blown down killing Charles Munster, of Houston, and fatally injuring John Shos.

Remming in the Brookfield Rob-

MACON, Mo., June 9.—Trains of armed ment are arriving to join the circle to close in on the Brockelet Bank robbers, who are at present heamed in a short distance northwest of here. The robbers have already dangerously injured two of the pursuers.

Circus Men Resisting the Law.
NORTHWIST CITY, Mo., June 9.—Mellide.

NORTHWIST CITY, Mo., June 9.—McBride, & circus actor, was killed and all the other actors of Brown's circus were arrested for riotous resistance to Deputy Sheriff Sanborn, who was executing the orders of the Mayor to collect a license or move the show outside of the town limits, last evening. Touthful Murderer Lynched. Bunnam, Minn, June, 9.—John Tibbet aged 14, who recoully murdered Washingto and Ferbach near Red Eye, incited throug novel reading, 10 win notoriety, was take from Jall last night by twenty men and hange to the top rung of a ladder placed against telegraph pole.

telegraph pole.

A Pension Swindler,
Bosron, June 9.—William 8. Johnson has
been arrested for drawing the pension of Willam Ross for thritein years, personating him
through the use of papers lost by Ross. Bosturned up and exposed Johnson and sued the
Government for the sum of \$1,050.

ALBANT, Mr., June 9.— Elliott & Bartlett's spool mill was burned to-day; loss \$19,000; insured.
CANTON, Mass., June 9.— Bartletts's summer hotel was burned to-day; loss, \$6,000; insurance \$3,000.

Singular Cause of beath.

Minomoner, Mich., June 9.—Bobert Stephenson, the largest sawmill owner in the State, died last night from the effects of inhalation of the fumes from a slab-pit and, denly blown into his face by a change of wind.

Columbus, Onto June 9.—F. Newburz, late clerk of the Board of Public Works, pleaded guilty to another indictment for forging of vouchers, and was sentenced to a second three years' confinement. There are fifty more indictments.

A Ravisbing Riot.

GUADALATARA, MEX., June 9.—At Ingo
ranche a number of American railroad laborers attempted to ravish a woman. A riot ensued and seven Mexicans and three Americans were killed. Labor Troubles to be Adjusted.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, June 11.—Jarett, the president of the Amalgamated Association, has arrived. He says the troubles at Pittsburg will be immediately adjusted and those of Cincinnations. A Bandit's Fate.

GUADALAIARA, MEXICO, June 9.—Templadore, a bandit, was surrounded in his house.

He refused to surrender, and the house was fired and he was burned to death.

Even a Friend Won't Stand That. STATESVILLE, N. C., June 9.—Place Wallace cas shot dead by his bosom friend, Bob Stim-on, who discovered an intimacy between his rife and Wallace.

The Dayitt Demonstration.

They, N. Y., June 9.—Fifteen thousand persons have been invited and are expected to parade in the Land League Davitt celebration at Albany on July 4.

Masonic Temple Sold.

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—The old Masonic Temple on Chesthut street was this morning sold to Wm. M. Singerly, of the Record, for \$225,000. Binine Buying Mines. New Straitsville, O., June 9.—Mr. Blaine and party are here. It is rumored they are negotiating for three mines in this region.

Foxhall Scratched.

London, June 9.—Foxhall was scratched for the Hardwick stakes race which was won by Trisian, Sweetbread second, Faulet third. Hanged Himself.

WARREN, R. I. June 9.—Samuel Maxwell, a merchant, committed suicide by hanging; financial embarrasement the cause. Alexandra Plate Stakes. London, June 9.—In the Alexandra I stakes Fiddler came in first, Foxball sec

A Burst Reservoir.

Pentland, Mr., June 9.—The city reservoir burst at 6a, m. It caused \$5,000 damage. No one injured.

Mr. Joyce's Funeral.

The funeral of the late Andrew J. Joyce will take place from St. Matthew's Church Saturday merning at 19 o'clock. The following gentlemen will act as pail bearers.

Honerary bearers—H. Clay Stewart, Thomas McLaughlin, Charles G. Ball, Patrick Jordon, Dr. D. B. Clarke and J. T. Lenman.

Active bearers—Employes from his carriage manufactory.

The body will be interred in the family lot at Mount Glivet Cemotory.

The Egyptian Revolution.

The revolution in Egypt, which is soon to take place, will not be a marker to that which will begin to-merow and continue through Monday. Hold, while we tell the story. Mr. L. L. Bloat. No. 710 seventh street, the enterprising milliner, has determined to cellipse all former effects to please the public of Washington. And sewill begin to-more why offering the choicest lot of millinery goods at lowest prices ever before heard of. Hats and bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, will be placed upon the counter as well as all other articles of millinery goods and disposed of at a sacrifice.

The following explicit but rather novel will was filed with the Register to-day:

"Washingron, D. C.,
Oct. 28, 1880, A. D.

"This is my will

"I leave my property, of every description,
to my wife.

To day the House Commerce Committee
authorized Mr. Washburn to report, with a
favoratic recommendation, H. R. 6282, to
cuthorize the construction of a railroad bridge
across the Sault Sainte Marie River at or near
the rapids in that river, in chippees dounty,
Mich, for the use of railroads. The committee
will report the joint resolution authorizing
the Secretary of War to take what steps he
thinks necessary to prevent the construction of
bridges ever the Chippews River which will
ristruct navigation.

It will be highly proper for these who

chetruct maxigation.

It will be highly proper for those who favor the just move to make corrain cierkships in the House annual cierkships, to offer an amendment providing for it during the passage of the Legiclative, Executive and Hudical Appropriation bill.

This committees which have been engaged in the work of scheduling the bids for furnishing the District with general supplies during the next decal year completed its labors to-day, and submitted the results to a committee composed of Major Brock, Chief Cronic, Lieutenant Horie, Water Inspector Larman and Health officer Townshead, who had a meeting at 1 20 this afternoon to decide upon what awards should be recommended.

The resolution presented some time ago

upon what awards should be recommended.

The resolution presented some time ago by Mr. Hank, equalizing the pay of House and somet employers, should be brought up and passed while the Legislatice. Exceptive and fasticul Appropriation bill is up. No fairmanded lipoces maintive will about to a measurable processing the superior of the seminary and right. The duties of House employes are fully as arsimosely at these of the semale, and their pay should be equal.

Representative Joyce, of Vermont, is an economist. Having been prevented by the deal property of the semale a few alterations to make it if the consistent and free it at the House to-day, thus securing it an imperishable place in the Congessions Record, where it will stant for the edification of future generations. The thus the wise turn even mistertune to profit.

DEMORALIZED.

THE PERSECUTION ON THE RUN.

Have to Prove the "Conspir ncy 1 in the So-Called Star-Route Cases - The Rerdell's "Confession" Ruled Out Until the "Complracy" is Proved - This Ruling Dazes the Prosecution and They Retire for Consultation - Routine Testimony

To-day.

The Star-Boute cases having reached that point where the testimony is being received, the interest in them is on the Increase, and the attendance of spectators at the Criminal Court-from grows larger. When Judge Wylle came on the bench this moraling, the defendants and their counsel were on hand ready to proceed, but Mr. Merrick was the only representative of the Government in court. He came in accompanied by ex-Attorney-General Mac-Vengh, who took a seat in the rear of the stonographer for a few minutes, and them went on the stand, being the first witness called. He entered upon the dules of Attorney-General March 7, 1881, and left the office September 14, 1881. During his service in the office he met with M. C. Rerdell. He had an interview with him in relation to the Sign-Route cases in June, 1881.

June, 1881.

The Alleged Rerdell Confessional.

Mr. Merrick asked him to state the time, place and all that occurred at the interview.

Mr. Wilson objected, as what was purported to have taken place at that interview occurred long after this alleged conspiracy was accomplished.

The Court asked what the Government ex-

complished.
The Court asked what the Government expected to prove.

Mr. Merrick said that he expected to prove by the witness that Mr. Roricil admitted to him that he was in a combination with Mr. Dorsey, General Brady, and others, to procure contracts, and that General Brady was to increase and expedite routes. How far it included General Brady would be shown, and the Court would be shown, and the Court would be shown, and the Court would flat that the conversation occurred during the continuance of the conspiracy, and took place in a penitential mood, and showed his efforts to get his friends out of the combination.

Its Admission Chipected to.

Colonel Totten did not agree with Mr. Merrick that this was a continuing conspiracy. The introduction of this testimoly was to have an effect upon the jury. This conversation took place long after this conspiracy is alleged to have existed. How was the confession competent and for what purpose? The Court had repeatedly held that it was only competent as to Mr. Rordell himsoft. This confession took place long after the so-called reform Administration took possession of the Postoffice Department. What good could this confession to unless to accomplish the aim of these gentlemen to throw dirt upon some one. The old common law had nothing to do with this question, as they were in court on an indictating on the case of Hirsh, 100 U. S. Supreme Court reports, in an opinion by Justice Miller that when a conspiracy ends that closed the offense and subsequent statements in connection therewith.

Mr. Cole, in behalf of Mr. Rerdell, did not wish to make any argument. In a ward

with.

Mr. Cole, in behalf of Mr. Rerdell, did not wish to make any argument, but merely object to the introduction of the testimony. His Henor said that he understood the admission of the testimony was objected to on the part of all of the defendants.

Colonel Ingersoil insisted that before a confession of a conspiracy could be taken, the fact of a conspiracy having existed must be otherwise established.

He cited a number of authorities in support of this proposition. He objected to the testimony because the confession was not made to carry out a conspiracy, and because it hal not been shown that any conspiracy existed. He saked the Court to hold the Government to a strict accountability and make it establish this crime by other testimony first.

Mr. Merrick maintained that the conspiracy still existed to some extent, as some of the contracts obtained by the combination still ran and the parties were drawing money upon them.

His Honor was inclined to think if the in-

Mr. Cole, in behalf of Mr. Berdell, did not

them.

His Honor was inclined to think if the in-quiry was confined to any facts tending to es-tablish a conspiracy, that testimony might be taken.

iaken.

Mr. Merrick made a further effort to show
that the testimony was competent, and read
an English authority alleging it to sustain his that the testimony was competent, and read an English authority alleging it to sustain his position.

Colonel ingersoil read the authority cited by the other side, and showed that they had "bit off" only a picke of the decision sufficient to brace them, but when the decision came to be fully read it sustained fully and completely the positions taken by the defendants; that the existence of the conspiracy must first be established before testimony as to such conspiracy was admissible.

They had other evidence besides this confession, or this was all they had of the case, if they had no other evidence, they had no case, and were gone.

"Where is the confession," asked the Judge, "of Rerdell competent?"

"After the conspiracy is established," answered Colonel Ingersoil.

"Then you and I agree," added the Judge.

His Honor then wont on to say that the rule of law was that after the conspiracy was es.

Objection of the Defeuse.

His Honor then wont on to say that the rule of law was that after the conspiracy was established, then the confession of a co-conplinator was admissable; otherwise, to escape himself, he might make a statement and throw the guilt upon another. After the conspirator was established, the extension of one conspirator was binding upon all connected with the conspiracy. In this case the conspirator was binding upon all connected with the conspiracy. In this case, at one man were to come into court and say that he had committed a homicide, the confession would not even bind the man, as the proof must show that the man was dead. In this case, at the present status at least, the evidence offered was not admissable.

It was said that the jury were the judges of fact; that ought to be so, but it was the duty of the Judge to decide what was competent of not, and what was a fair subject of evidence, in a conspiracy case, for the jury to consider. He then read a paragraph from 2d Archibald's Criminal Fleadings, to the effect that conspiracy was proved from cfrounsiantial evidence, and not by admissions of one of the conspirators, unless he consented to become a wilness on the stand, ac. The Judge further strengthened his ruling by clations from Ecococ's Criminal Evidence. He said, in this case, no evidence had yet been received to establish a conspiracy was established.

Mr. MeVengh Skips Aweagh.

Mr. Nevengh was then shown a paper, but

The ruling of the Judge

Upset the Prosecution.

and for a few minutes they seemed dazed.

Finally, recovering their equilibrium, they
recalled Mr. John H. Falconer that his crossexamination might be concluded. He testined to the number of Star-Boutes, steamboutroutes and railroad-routes in existence, and
the aggregate length in miles in the years
1870 and 1880.

There being a delay in the presecution to
get witnesses, at 12 15 o'clock a recess was
taken to give them time to raily their esttered and demoralized forces.

The Examination Resumed.

The recess continued until 1 o'clock, and

The Examination Resumed.

The recess continued until 1 o'clock, and the trial was then reaumed. George J. Brower, a clerk in the Contractoffice, in charge of the Star-Routes in Kansas, Nebraska, Dakota and the Indian Territory, was called. He was employed in the same office with Williams H. Turner.

"Speak louder," said Colonel Totten.
"There must be something the matter with that Postoffice Department," said the Judge, "I have not heard a winess from there yet that can speak above a whisper."

"They have become suspicious," said Colonel Tetion, "in the last year, especially of room No. 52."

Mr. Ker here handed a number of contracts to the witness, but which were taken from him and turned over to the counsel for the defendants to be examined before boing put in evidence.

Messrs. Hine, Wilson and Lagersell admitted that the papers were from the files of the Festoffice Departments.

The witness then detailed at considerable length the method followed in disposing of petitions and requests for increase, experition or other changes in mail service. He had exclusive charge of the files perialating to certain routes.

Cruss-Examined by Mr. Wilson.

District in Congress.

The bill fureduced this morning for the relief of Mrs. Eliza W. Patterson, of the District of Columbia, provides that all unpaid national, municipal and county taxes, seneral and special, and all interests, costs and porsalites thereon, levied or assessed to and including Jane. 30, 1882, upon the property (in the District of Columbia) now held (or chained) by Walter a. Cox and others in trust for Eliza W. Patterson, willow of Carille F. Patterson, late Superintentient of the United States Const and decodetic Survey, be, and the same are hereby, remitted and canceled. Previded, that any outstanding certificates of said for taxes in the name of Carille F. Patterson, late superintentient of the United States Const and decodetic Survey, be, and the same are hereby, remitted and canceled, and provided further, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to require the District of Columbia or the United States to ropay any sums herein contained shall be construed to require the District of Columbia or the United States to ropay any sums herein contained shall be a full release and satisfaction of all claims of every kind on their part for damages of any kind against the United States, the District of Columbia, or the city of Washington claimed to have been done to said property.

Senate bill S31, for the relief of Christian Ruppert, William F. Mattingly and Christian Heurich, trustees, of the District of Columbia, which provides "that the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, their heirs and assigns, drawback certificates to the amount of \$751.56, erromously collected from them on october 1, 1874, as taxes on certain land in the county of Washington assessed in the names of Juna Pitzlia and E. P. Hickey, owing to an error of the tax clerk," was passed.

H. R. 4710, to vacate a certain part of Rock street, in Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, lying between Bridge street and the intersection of said Rock street, in Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, lying between Bridge str

Opposition to the Tariff Commission.

The Democratic caucus, which was held immediately after the adjournment of the Senate yesterday, was for the purpose of an interchange of views in regard to the fitness of the President's nominations of Tariff Commission. President's nominations of Tariff Commissioners. No attempt was made to secure caucus action on the question, and at the conclusion of the conference, which lasted an hour and a half, every Senator was left free to vote upon it in executive session according to his own judgment or individual bias. It was developed, however, by the interchange of views on the part of those present, and by trustworthy statements in regard to nearly all of the absence are practically manimous to holding that the Commission is unfairly constituted and should therefore be rejected. The ground was taken by nearly all the speakers, including behavior Bayard and some others who voted for the Tariff Commission bit, that the proposed membership of the Commission is whelly inconsistent with the accommendations that should be free from the suspicion of self-interests. So tar as can be ascertained there are only two of the Dimocratic Senators willing to vote for confirmation of the Commissioners, namely, Mosest, Brown, of Georgia, and Jonas, of Louisians, both of whom feel measurably bound to do so by reason of their having respectively recommended two of the members appointed. On the other hard, it is understood that Senators Van wyck and lagals will vote with the body of the Democratic against confirmation. In this event help are said with the two members of the "Independent party" in the Senator-Senators David Davis and Manone. ers. No attempt was made to secure caucin

The Appropriation Bills.

In the Bouse yesterday, after our report closes, the General Deficiency bill was disposed of the only discussion that aross being upon the clause to retund to the State of Missouri payments made to officers and privates of the militia forces of that State for services actually performed in the suppression of the Hebellion. It was finally agreed to, the amount of the appropriation involved boing \$234.594.

At 3:10 the consideration of the bill was completed, and the committee rose and reported it back to the House.

The Brit vote was taken on Mr. Holman's motion to strike out the clause appropriating \$125.000 for payment for Army transportation to such land-grant railroads as have not received aid in Government bonds. The motion was lest-yeas, 59; nays, 87.

The motion to strike out the clause appropriating \$262.000 for the Bureaus of Construction had Repairs and Steam Engineering "manalso lest-yeas, 67; nays, 97.

The bill was passed the Congressional elections in 1881 and in prior years was lest and prior the clause appropriating \$112,000 for the payment of special deputy marshals at the Congressional elections in 1881 and in prior years was lest and proportions. The bill was passed, yeas, 100; nays, 57.

The House immediately thereafter went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. Robinson, of Massachusetts, in the Ghair, on the Logistative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill. Mr. Cannon, the chair, on the Logistative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill. Mr. Cannon, the chairman of the subcommittee on the Committee on Appropriations (which drafted the bill, explained its provisions.

The bill provided for an increase of employes in the Fension Office at an expense of \$1,742,600, but outside of that from appropriations (which drafted the bill, explained its provisions.

The committee two in the force of the force of the force of the committee of the three of the first of the force of the committee of the three of the force of the committee of the force of the force of the commi

Mr. Reed, counsel for Guiteau, said to a Curric reporter this morning: "The Cincinnati Enquirer said the other day if I persist in my efforts to save Guiteau I should be hung on the same rope with him.